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701—30.4(423) Retailer's use tax return. Every retailer collecting or owing more than \$1500 in tax in any one month shall make a monthly deposit with the department. The deposit is due by the twentieth of the month following the month in which the tax is collected and applies only to the first two months of the quarter. The monthly deposit requirement is effective April 1, 1982.

A seasonal business retailer with gross receipts in only one quarter during the year may request, and the director may grant, permission to file and remit use tax for only that specific quarter in which the retailer conducted business.

If it is expected that the total annual tax liability of a retailer will not exceed \$120 for a calendar year, the retailer may request, and the director may grant, permission to file and remit sales tax on a calendar year basis. The return and tax will be due and payable no later than January 31 following each calendar year in which the retailer carried on business.

A retailer's use tax return form shall be furnished by the department to each holder of a certificate of registration at the close of each quarterly period for use in reporting and remitting use tax due for the preceding quarterly period. The quarterly periods for the year end respectively on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31. One month shall be allowed immediately following the quarterly period in which to file returns and remit tax without becoming delinquent, unless the department shall otherwise provide.

On the quarterly return, every retailer shall report the gross sales for the entire quarter, listing allowable deductions and figuring tax for the entire quarter. Space is provided on the return for a deduction of tax deposited the first and second months of the quarter.

When the due date falls on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, the monthly deposit or return will be due the first business day following such Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. If a deposit or return is placed in the mails, properly addressed and postage paid, and postmarked on or before the due date for filing, no penalty will attach should the return not be received until after that date. Mailed returns should be addressed to Sales/Use Tax Processing, P.O. Box 10412, Des Moines, Iowa 50306.

- **30.4(1)** If the certificate holder uses or consumes tangible personal property in the state of Iowa subject to the use tax law, the cost of such purchases made during a given monthly or quarterly period shall also be included on the retailer's use tax return.
- **30.4(2)** If the certificate holder delivers property or products that result from more than one out-of-state location for use in Iowa and from which separate billings are made, a supplement to the return shall also be filed showing the amount of taxable sales made for each respective location.
- **30.4(3)** Determination of filing status. Iowa Code section 423.13 provides, based on the amount of tax collected, how often certificate holders file deposits or returns with the department.

The department will determine if the certificate holder's current filing status is correct by reviewing the most recent four quarters of the certificate holder's filing history.

The following criteria will be used by the department to determine if a change in filing status is warranted.

Filing Status	Statutory Requirement	Test Criteria
Monthly	\$1,500 in tax per month.	Tax in 3 of most recent 4 quarters exceeds \$4,500.
Seasonal		Retailer remits tax for only one quarter during the previous calendar year and requests filing for one quarter only.
Annual	\$120 or less in tax in prior year.	Retailer remits \$120 or less in tax, for last 4 quarters and requests annual filing.
Quarterly	All other filers.	

When it is determined that a certificate holder's filing status is to be changed, the certificate holder will be notified and will be given 30 days to provide the department with a written request to prevent the change.

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Certificate holders may request that they be allowed to file less frequently than the filing status selected by the department but exceptions will only be granted in two instances:

- 1. Incorrect historical data is used in the conversion. A business may meet the criteria based on information available to the computer, but upon investigation, the filing history may prove that the business does not meet the dollar criteria because of adjustments, amended returns, or requests for refunds.
- 2. Data available may have been distorted by the fact that it reflected an unusual pattern in tax collection. The factors causing such a distortion must be documented and approved by the taxpayer services section.

Exceptions will not be granted in instances where the certificate holder's request is based on a decline in business activity, reduction in employees or other potentially temporary business action which will affect current and future reporting.

Certificate holders will be notified in writing of approval or denial of their request for reducing filing periods.

Certificate holders may request that they be allowed to file more frequently than the filing status selected by the department. Approval will be granted based upon justification contained in the certificate holder's request.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 412.14, 423.13 and 423.14.